## **BNAD/ECON/MGMT 276. STATISTICAL INFERENCE IN MANAGEMENT**

## Presession. Summer 2016.

## **QUIZ 3. DATE: 1 JUNE 2016**

NOTE:

1. There are total 5 questions. Answer all questions. The total points are 9.

2. You can use calculator. Your calculator may be programmable but you are not allowed to use the programmable tools.

3. You get partial credits if you show the correct formula and show your understanding (i.e. know what you are calculating.)

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1. (1.5pt) Suppose that a random variable X has the following probability density function:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{25\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{\frac{-1}{2}\frac{(x-80)^2}{625}}$$

1.1 (.5 pt) Give the mean, and the standard deviation of the above distribution.

1.2 (1pt) Calculate P(X > 65) (greater than 65)

rovided the following information:
Units sold (X)
94
100
85
94
92
r

a. (1 pt) Give a consistent point estimate of the population mean number of units sold per month

b. (1 pt) Give a point estimate of the population variance of X. (Hint: you are given a mysterious table below. Check the values in the columns carefully before using them)

Units sold			
94	1	1	1
100	7	49	343
85	-8	64	-512
94	1	1	1
92	-1	1	-1

c. (0.75pt) Give a point estimate of the population standard deviation of X.

d. (.75 pt) Write down the sampling distribution of the sample mean (the name of the distribution, the mean and the variance of the sample mean), assume that the population standard deviation  $\sigma$  of the number of units sold is 50, the sample size is 5.

3. (2pts) A producer of various kinds of batteries has been producing "S" size. Due to an improved production process, management believes that there has been an increase in the life expectancy of their "S" size batteries. A sample of 20 batteries showed an average life of 36 hours.

3.1. (1pt) Construct a 95% confidence interval for  $\mu$ , assume that the **population standard** deviation is 9.

3.2. (1 pt) Construct a 90% confidence interval for μ, assume that the **sample standard deviation** is 9. Choose one correct answer among the followings:

a. 
$$\left[36 - 1.960 \times \frac{9}{\sqrt{20}}; 36 + 1.960 \times \frac{9}{\sqrt{20}}\right]$$
  
b.  $\left[36 - 1.960 \times \frac{9}{\sqrt{19}}; 36 + 1.960 \times \frac{9}{\sqrt{19}}\right]$   
c.  $\left[36 - 1.729 \times \frac{9}{\sqrt{20}}; 36 + 1.729 \times \frac{9}{\sqrt{20}}\right]$   
d.  $\left[36 - 1.729 \times \frac{9}{\sqrt{19}}; 36 + 1.729 \times \frac{9}{\sqrt{19}}\right]$   
e.  $\left[36 - 1.725 \times \frac{9}{\sqrt{20}}; 36 + 1.725 \times \frac{9}{\sqrt{20}}\right]$   
f.  $\left[36 - 1.725 \times \frac{9}{\sqrt{19}}; 36 + 1.725 \times \frac{9}{\sqrt{19}}\right]$ 

4. (2 pts) The president of Doerman Distributors, Inc. believes that 30% of the firm's orders come from first-time customers. A random sample of 100 orders will be used to estimate the proportion of first-time customers.

4.1 (1 pt) Assume that the president is correct and p = 0.30. What is the sampling distribution of the sample proportion? Choose one correct answer among the followings:

a. Normal distribution with mean 0.30 and standard deviation  $\frac{0.3 \times (1-0.3)}{100}$ b. Normal distribution with mean 0.30 and standard deviation  $\frac{\sqrt{0.3 \times 0.7}}{100}$ c. Normal distribution with mean 0.30 and variance  $\sqrt{\frac{0.3 \times 0.7}{100}}$ d. Normal distribution with mean 0.30 and variance  $\frac{0.3 \times 0.7}{100}$ e. Normal distribution with mean 0.30 and variance  $\frac{0.3 \times (1-0.3)}{\sqrt{100}}$ 

4.2 (1 pt) What is the probability that the sample proportion will be less than 0.40? Let Z be the standard normal random variable, choose one correct answer among the followings:

a. 
$$P(Z < \frac{0.4 - 0.3}{\frac{\sqrt{0.3 \times 0.7}}{100}})$$
 since N = 100, p = 0.3  
b.  $P(Z < \frac{0.4 - 0.3}{0.0458})$   
c.  $1 - P(Z < \frac{0.4 - 0.3}{0.0458})$   
d.  $1 - P(Z < \frac{0.4 - 0.3}{\sqrt{0.3 \times 0.7}})$   
e.  $P(Z < \frac{0.4 - 0.3}{\frac{0.3 \times 0.7}{100}})$  since N = 100, p = 0.3